



## STATUTES OF THE WORLD TOURISM ORGANIZATION

Adopted in Mexico on 27 September 1970

	States	Declaration of consent	Entry into effect
1	AFGHANISTAN	05-08-1973 (a)	01-02-1975
2	ALBANIA	06-04-1993	10-08-1993 (c)
3	ALGERIA	05-05-1976 (a)	05-05-1976
4	ANDORRA	10-21-1995	10-21-1995 (c)
5	ANGOLA	08-30-1990	08-30-1990 (c)
6	ANTIGUA AND BARBUDA	03-12-2021 (c)	01-01-2022 (c)
7	ARGENTINA	06-13-1972 (a)	01-02-1975
8	ARMENIA	09-24-1997	10-24-1997 (c)
	AUSTRALIA	09-18-1979 (a) withdrawal re-entry withdrawal	09-18-1979 07-26-1990 09-23-2004 08-19-2016
9	AUSTRIA	12-22-1975 (a)	12-22-1975
10	AZERBAIJAN	07-26-2001	09-29-2001 (c)
11	BAHAMAS	15-10-1973 (d) withdrawal re-entry	02-01-1975 14-12-1978 25-11-2005 (a)
12	BAHRAIN	22-12-1975 withdrawal re-entry	31-05-1977 (c) 01-02-1984 29-09-2001 (c)
13	BANGLADESH	19-02-1975 (b)	19-02-1975
14	BARBADOS	06-02-2015 (c)	17-09-2015 (c)
15	BELARUS	09-06-2005	14-06-2005 (c)
	BELGIUM	03-08-1976 (a) withdrawal	03-08-1976 03-06-1997
16	BELICE	25-07-2022 (C)	01-01-2024 (C)
17	BENIN	31-12-1974 (a)	02-01-1975
18	BHUTAN	06-03-2003	19-10-2003 (c)
19	BOLIVIA	21-05-1975 (a)	21-05-1975
20	BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA	05-07-1993	08-10-1993 (c)
21	BOTSWANA	18-10-1995	21-10-1995 (c)
22	BRAZIL	11-06-1974 (a)	02-01-1975
23	BRUNEI DARUSSALAM	29-11-2007	29-11-2007
24	BULGARIA	21-01-1976 (a)	21-01-1976
25	BURKINA FASO	16-05-1975 (b)	16-05-1975



	<b>States</b>	<b>Declaration of consent</b>	<b>Entry into effect</b>
26	BURUNDI	30-10-1974 (b)	02-01-1975
27	CABO VERDE	27-04-2001	29-09-2001 (c)
28	CAMBODIA	24-04-1972 (a)	02-01-1975
29	CAMEROON	28-11-1973 (a)	02-01-1975
	CANADA	26-06-1986 (a)	26-06-1986
		withdrawal	30-12-1994
		re-entry	28-01-2000 (a)
		withdrawal	12-05-2011
30	CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC	29-09-1995	21-10-1995 (c)
31	CHAD	10-09-1985	26-09-1985 (c)
32	CHILE	09-04-1974 (a)	02-01-1975
33	CHINA	22-09-1983	05-10-1983 (c)
34	COLOMBIA	12-06-1971 (a)	02-01-1975
35	COMOROS	16-09-2017 (a)	16-09-2017 (c)
36	CONGO, POPULAR REPUBLIC	29-07-1977	20-09-1979 (c)
37	COSTA RICA	26-09-1973 (a)	02-01-1975
		withdrawal	14-07-1987
		re-entry	26-09-1995 (a)
38	CÔTE D'IVOIRE	05-03-1973 (b)	02-01-1975
39	CROATIA	05-07-1993	08-10-1993 (c)
40	CUBA	11-12-1975 (a)	11-12-1975
41	CYPRUS	04-09-1974 (a)	12-01-1975
42	CZECH REPUBLIC	11-02-1993 (Su)	01-01-1993
43	DEMOCRATIC PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF KOREA	28-08-1987	01-10-1987 (c)
44	DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF THE CONGO	20-01-1972 (a)	20-01-1975
45	DJIBOUTI	30-05-1997	24-10-1997 (c)
46	DOMINICAN REPUBLIC	29-04-1975 (b)	29-04-1975
47	ECUADOR	11-02-1975 (a)	11-02-1975
48	EGYPT	21-05-1971 (a)	02-01-1975
49	EL SALVADOR	11-02-1975 (b)	11-02-1975
		withdrawal	28-01-1980
		re-entry	10-12-1992
50	EQUATORIAL GUINEA	23-08-1995	21-10-1995 (c)
51	ERITREA	14-03-1995	21-10-1995 (c)
52	ESWATINI <sup>1</sup>	18-06-1999	01-10-1999 (c)
53	ETHIOPIA	22-05-1975 (a)	22-05-1975
54	FIJI	30-04-1997	24-10-1997 (c)
	FINLAND	09-02-1982 (a)	09-02-1982
		withdrawal	06-04-2001
55	FRANCE	31-12-1975 (a)	31-12-1975
56	GABON	06-04-1971 (a)	02-01-1975
57	GAMBIA	06-05-1975 (b)	06-05-1975
58	GEORGIA	02-09-1993	08-10-1993 (c)

<sup>1</sup> Swazilandia until 19-april-2018



	<b>States</b>	<b>Declaration of consent</b>	<b>Entry into effect</b>
59	GERMANY	01-29-1976 (a)	01-29-1976
60	GHANA	28-11-1972 (a)	02-01-1975
61	GREECE	08-11-1972 (a)	02-01-1975
	GRENADA	25-02-1977	31-05-1977 (c)
	withdrawal	09-02-1998	09-02-1999
62	GUATEMALA	08-09-1993	08-10-1993 (c)
63	GUINEA	17-07-1985 (a)	17-07-1985
64	GUINEA BISSAU	04-10-1991	04-10-1991 (c)
65	HAITI	12-06-1974 (b)	02-01-1975
66	HONDURAS	05-09-1975	20-09-1975 (c)
	withdrawal	19-08-1988	19-08-1989
	re-entry	29-09-2001	29-09-2001 (c)
67	HUNGARY	08-09-1975 (a)	08-09-1975
68	INDIA	09-11-1971 (a)	02-01-1975
69	INDONESIA	05-04-1972 (a)	02-01-1975
70	IRAN	17-02-1972 (a)	02-01-1975
71	IRAQ	15-09-1971 (a)	02-01-1975
72	ISRAEL	20-01-1975 (a)	20-01-1975
73	ITALY	02-03-1978 (a)	02-03-1978
74	JAMAICA	24-04-1975 (b)	24-04-1975
75	JAPAN	06-07-1978 (a)	06-07-1978
76	JORDAN	30-03-1971 (a)	02-01-1975
77	KAZAKHSTAN	02-09-1993	08-10-1993 (c)
78	KENYA	24-09-1971 (a)	02-01-1975
79	KUWAIT	27-08-1975 (a)	27-08-1975
	withdrawal	27-11-1997	27-11-1998
	re-entry	03-03-2003 (a)	03-03-2003
80	KYRGYZSTAN	02-09-1993	08-10-1993 (c)
81	LAO PEOPLE'S DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC	27-09-1973 (a)	02-01-1975
	LATVIA	01-10-2003	01-01-2005 (c)
	withdrawal	22-12-2011	22-12-2012
82	LEBANON	18-06-1974 (a)	02-01-1975
83	LESOTHO	11-07-1980	17-09-1981 (c)
84	LIBERIA	02-08-2011	14-10-2011 (c)
85	LIBYA	21-04-1977 (a)	21-04-1977
86	LITHUANIA	06-10-2003	19-10-2003 (c)
87	MADAGASCAR	22-05-1975 (b)	22-05-1975
88	MALAWI	06-08-1974 (b)	02-01-1975
89	MALAYSIA	08-05-1975 (a)	08-05-1975
	withdrawal	14-08-1986	14-08-1987
	re-entry	19-09-1991 (a)	19-09-1991
90	MALDIVES	10-06-1980	17-09-1981 (c)
91	MALI	17-06-1974 (a)	02-01-1975
92	MALTA	02-08-1978 (a)	02-08-1978



	<b>States</b>	<b>Declaration of consent</b>	<b>Entry into effect</b>
93	MAURITANIA	09-07-1976 (a)	09-07-1976
94	MAURITIUS	26-07-1973 (a)	02-01-1975
95	MEXICO	20-11-1970 (a)	02-01-1975
96	MONACO	05-05-2000 (a)	01-01-2001
97	MONGOLIA	27-03-1990 (a)	27-03-1990
98	MONTENEGRO	12-07-2006	29-11-2007
99	MOROCCO	07-07-1971 (a)	02-01-1975
100	MOZAMBIQUE	19-10-1995	21-10-1995 (c)
101	MYANMAR	21-10-1995 withdrawal 04-09-1998 re-entry 09-05-2012	21-10-1995 (c) 04-09-1999 01-06-2012 (a)
102	NAMIBIA	24-09-1997	24-10-1997 (c)
103	NEPAL	14-03-1972 (a)	02-01-1975
104	NETHERLANDS	10-05-1976 (a)	10-05-1976
105	NICARAGUA	15-06-1974 (b) withdrawal 19-04-1978 re-entry 26-08-1991	02-01-1975 19-04-1979 04-10-1991 (c)
106	NIGER	13-07-1978	20-09-1979 (c)
107	NIGERIA	22-09-1971 (a)	02-01-1975
108	NORTH MACEDONIA	21-10-1995	21-10-1995 (c)
	NORWAY	22-09-2008 (a) withdrawal 09-10-2014	22-09-2008 09-10-2015
109	OMAN	20-01-2004	01-07-2004
110	PAKISTAN	02-04-1971 (a)	02-01-1975
111	PALAU	03-07-2019	11-09-2019 (c)
112	PANAMA	19-02-1971 (a) withdrawal 09-10-1992 re-entry 17-10-1996 (a)	02-01-1975 09-10-1993 17-10-1996
113	PAPUA NEW GUINEA	24-01-2005	02-12-2005
114	PARAGUAY	26-06-1992	26-06-1992 (c)
115	PERU	30-05-1974 (a)	02-01-1975
116	PHILIPPINES	06-02-1973 (a) withdrawal 08-09-1988 re-entry 23-10-1991 (a)	02-01-1975 08-09-1989 23-10-1991
117	POLAND	10-02-1976 (a)	10-02-1976
118	PORTUGAL	11-11-1976 (a)	11-11-1976
119	QATAR	20-10-1976 withdrawal 01-02-1985 re-entry 10-12-2001 (a)	31-05-1977 (c) 01-02-1986 01-01-2002
120	REPUBLIC OF KOREA	15-01-1973 (a)	02-01-1975
121	REPUBLIC OF MOLDOVA	06-09-1993	01-01-2002 (c)
122	ROMANIA	13-09-1974 (a)	02-01-1975
	RUSSIAN FEDERATION	29-12-1975 (a) withdrawal 27-04-2022	29-12-1975 27-04-2023
123	RWANDA	06-06-1975 (b)	06-06-1975



	<b>States</b>	<b>Declaration of consent</b>	<b>Entry into effect</b>
124	SAMOA	24-02-2014 (c)	17-09-2015 (c)
125	SAN MARINO	20-07-1971 (a)	02-01-1975
126	SAO TOMÉ AND PRÍNCIPE	09-12-1983	26-09-1985 (c)
127	SAUDI ARABIA	06-17-2002	06-17-2002
128	SENEGAL	05-04-1972 (a)	02-01-1975
129	SERBIA (1)	29-09-2001	29-09-2001 (c)
130	SEYCHELLES	02-07-1991	04-10-1991 (c)
131	SIERRA LEONE	06-05-1974 (b)	02-01-1975
	SINGAPORE	20-09-1971 (a)	02-01-1975
		withdrawal 10-11-1976	10-11-1977
132	SLOVAKIA	22-01-1993 (su)	01-01-1993
133	SLOVENIA	28-09-1993	08-10-1993 (c)
134	SOMALIA	16-09-2017	16-09-2017 (c)
135	SOUTH AFRICA	12-04-1994 (a)	12-04-1994
136	SPAIN	04-07-1974 (a)	02-01-1975
137	SRI LANKA	05-12-1972 (a)	02-01-1975
138	SUDAN	18-04-1975 (a)	18-04-1975
139	SWITZERLAND	12-01-1976 (a)	12-01-1976
140	SYRIAN ARAB REPUBLIC	11-08-1971 (a)	02-01-1975
141	TAJIKISTAN	28-12-2006	29-11-2007
	THAILAND	19-10-1971 (a)	02-01-1975
142		withdrawal 20-01-1989	20-01-1990
		re-entry 22-05-1996 (a)	01-06-1996
143	TIMOR-LESTE	15-03-2005	02-12-2005
144	TOGO	16-04-1975 (b)	16-04-1975
145	TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO	17-11-1971 (a)	02-01-1975
		Withdrawal 31-12-1976	31-12-1977
		re-entry 22-04-2013	22-04-2013 (a)
146	TUNISIA	29-05-1972 (a)	02-01-1975
147	TÜRKIYE	06-11-1973 (a)	02-01-1975
148	TURKMENISTAN	24-09-1993	08-10-1993 (c)
149	UGANDA	12-12-1974 (a)	02-01-1975
150	UKRAINE	24-10-1997	24-10-1997 (c)
151	UNITED ARAB EMIRATES	25-09-1972 (b)	02-01-1975
		withdrawal 29-04-1986	29-04-1987
		re-entry 26-04-2013	26-04-2013 (a)
	UNITED KINGDOM	23-09-2005	25-11-2005
		withdrawal 21-08-2008	21-08-2009
152	UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA	02-02-1972 (a)	02-01-1975
	UNITED STATES	16-12-1975 (a)	16-12-1975
		withdrawal 26-12-1995	26-12-1996
153	URUGUAY	18-05-1977 (a)	18-05-1977
154	UZBEKISTAN	02-09-1993	08-10-1993 (c)
155	VANUATU	07-10-2008 (a)	08-10-2009
156	VENEZUELA	20-06-1974 (a)	02-01-1975



	<b>States</b>	<b>Declaration of consent</b>	<b>Entry into effect</b>
157	VIET NAM	26-03-1981	17-09-1981 (c)
158	YEMEN	09-03-1971	02-01-1975
159	ZAMBIA	31-08-1973 (a)	02-01-1975
160	ZIMBABWE	30-06-1981	17-09-1981 (c)

- (a) Pursuant to Article 5(2) of the Statutes  
 (b) Pursuant to the Transitional Provisions of Article 41  
 (c) Approval by the General Assembly pursuant to Article 5(3) of the Statutes  
 (d) Pursuant to the provisions of Article 6(4)  
 (1) Since 29-09-2001 as the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia. Since 04-02-2003 as Serbia and Montenegro. Since 09-06-2006 as Serbia.

	<b>ASSOCIATE MEMBERS</b>	<b>Date of reception of declaration</b>	<b>Date of entry into force</b>
1	ARUBA	14-08-1987	01-10-1987
2	FLEMISH COMMUNITY OF BELGIUM	24-10-1997	24-10-1997
	GIBRALTAR	17-10-1975	17-10-1975
	withdrawal	21-05-1985	21-05-1986
3	HONG KONG	17-09-1999	01-10-1999
4	MACAO	08-04-1980	17-09-1981
5	MADEIRA	21-11-1994	21-10-1995
6	NETHERLANDS ANTILLES *	19-02-1979	05-09-1979
	extinction	08-10-2010	10-10-2010
7	PUERTO RICO	04-04-1986	04-04-1986
	withdrawal	17-11-1994	17-11-1995
	re-entry	20-05-2002	20-05-2002

\* In accordance with the new territorial structure of the Kingdom of the Netherlands, as of 10 October 2010 the Netherlands Antilles have ceased to exist.

	<b>PERMANENT OBSERVER</b>	<b>Declaration of consent</b>	<b>Entry into effect</b>
1	HOLY SEE	25-09-1973 (a)	02-01-1975

## OBSERVATIONS

### ARGENTINA

"The application of the present Statutes to territories whose sovereignty is disputed between two States, whether or not signatories thereto, may not be interpreted as an alteration, renunciation or relinquishment of the position that each one has had to date."



## **BURUNDI**

Burundi informed of its withdrawal from the UNWTO, effective as of 3 October 2001. Spain, as Depositary of the Statutes, informed the other Member States of this withdrawal. However, Burundi has not ceased to effectively be part of the Organization; it has continued paying its membership fees, participating in the statutory meetings of the Assembly General, and receiving technical assistance therefrom. The Minister of Trade, Industry, Post and Tourism of the Republic of Burundi communicated, by Note Verbale of 30 July 2013 addressed to the UNWTO, her country's desire to remain part of the UNWTO and confirmed that her government did not want to cease to be a Member State thereof.

## **CZECH REPUBLIC**

In a note dated 21 January 1993, addressed to the UNWTO Secretary-General, and received by the depositary on 8 February 1993, the Government of the Czech Republic notified the succession regarding the obligations deriving from UNWTO membership of the Federal Republic of Czechoslovakia.

## **GERMANY**

"Die Botschaft der Bundesrepublik Deutschland beehrt sich, dem Eidgenössischen Politischen Departement im Zusammenhang mit der heutigen Hinterlegung der Beitrittserklärung der Bundesrepublik Deutschland zur Welt-Tourismus-Organisation (WTO) im Namen der Bundesrepublik Deutschland zu erklären, dass die Erklärung über den Beitritt der Bundesrepublik Deutschland zur WTO durch Annahme der Satzung der WTO und die Übernahme der sich aus der Mitgliedschaft ergebenden Verpflichtungen mit Wirkung von dem Tag, an dem die Satzung der WTO für die Bundesrepublik Deutschland gültig sein wird, auch für Berlin (West) gilt".

("The statement of entry of the Federal Republic is also applicable to West Berlin, given its acceptance of the UNWTO Statutes and recognition of the obligations of membership, and is effective from the day on which the UNWTO Statutes are applicable to the Federal Republic.")

On 3 October 1990, the German Democratic Republic was incorporated into the Federal Republic of Germany by virtue of the Unification Treaty of 31 August 1990.

Formerly, the German Democratic Republic had accepted the Statutes on 14 April 1975, making statements.

## **HOLY SEE**

The UNWTO General Assembly, at its third session, held in Torremolinos, and in Resolution 49 (III), recognized for the Holy See a special status as permanent observer before the organization, with a right to speak but not to vote.

## **IRAQ**

In an Instrument dated 24 February 1975 confirming approval of the Statutes, the President of the Republic of Iraq made the following Statement:



"Entry into the above statutes by the Republic of Irak shall, however, in no way signify recognition of Israel or be conducive to entry therewith into such dealings, as may be provided for in the said statutes".

With regard to this notification, the Government of Israel, in a note dated 11 May 1975, from its Ministry of Foreign Affairs, made a statement in the following terms:

...."The instrument deposited by the Government of Irak contains a statement of a political character in respect to Israel. In the view of the Government of Israel, this is not the proper place for making such political pronouncements, which are, moreover, in flagrant contradiction to the principles, objects and purposes of the Organization. That pronouncement by the Republic of Irak cannot in any way affect whatever obligations are binding upon Irak, under general international law or under particular treaties. The Government of Israel will, in so far as concerns the substance of the matter, adopt towards the Republic of Irak an attitude of complete reciprocity."

## NETHERLANDS

- For the Kingdom in Europe and for the Netherlands Antilles.

**- New territorial structure of the Kingdom of the Netherlands as of 10 October 2010, notified to the Depositary via Note Verbale PA 26/2010, of 8 October 2010, of the Embassy of the Kingdom of the Netherlands in Spain:**

"...With effect from 10 October 2010, the Netherlands Antilles will cease to exist. From that date onwards, the Kingdom will consist of four parts: the Netherlands, Aruba, Curaçao and Sint Marteen. Curaçao and Sint Marteen will enjoy internal self-government within the Kingdom, as do Aruba and the (former) Netherlands Antilles.

These changes constitute a modification of the internal constitutional relations within the Kingdom of the Netherlands. The Kingdom of the Netherlands will accordingly remain the subject of international law with which agreements are concluded. This modification of the structure of the Kingdom will not affect the validity of the international agreements ratified by the Kingdom for the Netherlands Antilles. These agreements, including any reservations made, will continue to apply to Curaçao and Sint Marteen.

The other islands that have until now formed part of the Netherlands Antilles – Bonaire, Sint Eustatius and Saba – will become part of the Netherlands, thus constituting "the Caribbean part of the Netherlands". The agreements that now apply to the Netherlands Antilles will also continue to apply to these islands. The Government of the Netherlands will now be responsible for implementing these agreements....."

**- Application of the UNWTO Statutes to the Kingdom of the Netherlands in accordance with its new territorial structure as of 10 October 2010, notified to the Depositary via Note Verbale PA 03/2012, of 26 March 2012, of the Embassy of the Kingdom of the Netherlands in Spain:**

Application	Yes / No	Entry into effect
Netherlands (European part)	yes	10-05-1976
Caribbean part of the Netherlands ( <i>islands of Bonaire, Sint Eustatius and Saba</i> )	yes	10-10-2010 (su)
Aruba	yes	01-01-1986 (su)
Curaçao	yes	10-10-2010 (su)





Sint Maarten

yes

10-10-2010 (su)

### REPUBLIC OF KOREA

"The approval by the Government of the Republic of Korea of the present Statutes does not in any way mean or imply the recognition of any territory or regime which has not been recognized by the Government of the Republic of Korea as a State or Government."

### REPUBLIC OF MOLDOVA

The General Assembly of the World Tourism Organization, in resolution A/RES/480(XVI), decided to comply with the Republic of Moldova's request, dated 9 November 2005, for its accession to be considered as effective on 1 January 2002.

### ROMANIA

" a) Le Conseil d'Etat de la République Socialiste de Roumanie considère que les prévisions de l'article 5, paragraphe 3 et de l'article 41 du Statut de l'Organisation Mondiale du Tourisme ne sont pas en concordance avec le principe selon lequel les traités internationaux multilatéraux dont l'objet et le but intéressent la communauté internationale dans son ensemble doivent être ouverts à la participation universelle".

"b) Le Conseil d'Etat de la République Socialiste de Roumanie considère que le maintien de l'état de dépendance de certains territoires auxquels se réfèrent les réglementations des articles: 6, paragraphes 1, 2 et 3; 35, paragraphe 2; et 43 du Statut de l'Organisation Mondiale du Tourisme n'est pas en concordance avec la Charte de l'Organisation des Nations Unies et les documents adoptés par l'ONU sur l'octroi de l'indépendance aux pays et aux peuples coloniaux, y compris la déclaration relative aux principes du droit international touchant les relations amicales et la coopération entre les Etats conformément à la Charte de l'Organisation des Nations Unies, adoptée à l'unanimité par la Résolution 2625 (XXV) de 1970, qui proclame solennellement le devoir des Etats de favoriser la réalisation du principe de l'égalité de droits des peuples et de leur droit à disposer d'eux-mêmes dans le but de mettre rapidement fin au colonialisme".

("a) The Council of State of the Socialist Republic of Romania considers that the provisions of Article 5, paragraph 3 and of Article 41 of the Statutes of the World Tourism Organization are not in accordance with the principle pursuant to which multilateral international treaties whose object and purpose involve the international community as a whole should be open to universal participation."

"b) The Council of State of the Socialist Republic of Romania considers that maintaining the dependent state of certain territories referred to in the provisions of Articles: 6, paragraphs 1, 2 and 3; 35 paragraph 2; and 43 of the Statute of the World Tourism Organization are not in accordance with the Charter of the United Nations and the documents adopted by the UN on the granting of independence to colonial countries and peoples, including the declaration on principles of international law concerning friendly relations and cooperation among States in accordance with the Charter of the United Nations adopted unanimously in Resolution 2625 (XXV) of 1970, which solemnly proclaims the duty of States to promote realization of the principle of equal rights and self-determination of peoples in order to bring an end to colonialism."



## **RUSSIA**

By virtue of the Alma-Ata declaration of 21 December 1991, of the Council of Heads of State of the Commonwealth of Independent States, Russia took over the USSR's membership of international organizations.

## **SLOVAKIA**

In a note dated 22 December 1992 addressed to the UNWTO Secretary-General, received by the Depositary on 22 January 1993, the Government of the Slovak Republic notified the succession regarding the obligations deriving from UNWTO membership of the Federal Republic of Czechoslovakia.

## **SPAIN**

"Spain, in approving the Statutes of the World Tourism Organization, hereby states that the application of Articles 6 and 43 to non-self-governing territories, whose sovereignty is disputed by two or more States, cannot be interpreted under any circumstances as recognition of new legal situations or modification of existing legal situations."

## **SYRIAN ARAB REPUBLIC**

"Toutefois, l'approbation de la République Arabe Syrienne desdits Statuts et son acceptation des obligations qui en découlent ne doivent pas être interprétées dans aucun sens comme une reconnaissance de ce qui est appelé "l'Etat d'Israël". De plus, elles ne sauraient lier la République Arabe Syrienne à entrer en relations, de quelque nature que ce soit, avec le précité."

("The Syrian Arab Republic's approval of said Statutes and acceptance of the obligations deriving therefrom must not be interpreted in the sense of recognition of the State of Israel. In addition, they shall not lead the Syrian Arab Republic to establish relations of that nature with the State of Israel.").

With regard to this notification, the Government of Israel, in a note dated 17 October 1971, made a statement in the following terms:

"Le Ministère a noté le caractère politique de la déclaration faite à cette occasion par le Gouvernement de la République Arabe Syrienne. De l'avis du Gouvernement israélien, les Statuts ne sauraient se prêter à des déclarations politiques de cette nature. De plus, la déclaration en question ne saurait aucunement modifier les obligations dont la République Arabe Syrienne est déjà tenue en vertu du droit international général ou en vertu des traités particuliers. En ce qui concerne le fond de la question, le Gouvernement de l'Etat d'Israël adoptera à l'égard de la République Arabe Syrienne une attitude d'entière réciprocité."

("The Ministry has taken note of the political nature of the statement made on this occasion by the Syrian Arab Republic. In the opinion of the Government of Israel, the Statutes do not lend themselves to political statements of this nature. In addition, the declaration in question cannot in any way affect whatever obligations are binding upon the Syrian Arab Republic, under general international law or under particular treaties. The Government of Israel will, in so far as concerns the substance of the matter, adopt towards the Syrian Arab Republic an attitude of complete reciprocity.")



## **VIET NAM**

Previously, the Republic of Viet Nam approved the Statutes on 31 January 1973, thus becoming one of the first 51 States to sign them; for these States they entered into force on 2 January 1975. The Socialist Republic of Viet Nam's status as effective Member was approved by the UNWTO Assembly on 17 September 1981. (Resolution 85 (IV)).

## **YEMEN**

On 22 May 1990, the Yemen Arab Republic and the Democratic Republic of Yemen formed a single State, called the Republic of Yemen.

Prior to this unification, the Democratic Republic of Yemen had accepted the Statutes on 9 March 1971, thus becoming a Member pursuant to Article 5(2) of said Statutes; The Yemen Arab Republic deposited an instrument of acceptance on 26 May 1977, and its Membership was approved by the General Assembly, pursuant to Article 5(3) of the Statutes, on 31 May 1977.

Madrid, 22 December 2023